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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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SECURITY INFORMATION

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THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT ARE DEFINITIVE.
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(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

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SOURCE:

1. The Lithuanian Kolkhoz Jauna Gvardija was formed late in 1949. Originally the kolkhoz consisted of the villages of Milaiciiai (N 55-34, E 22-29), Juodziai (N 55-34, E 22-28), and Radiske (N 55-34, E 22-27). The original kolkhoz chairman was Jonas Kinaris. Because Kinaris helped the partisans by giving them food, he was arrested and was imprisoned for one year in Klaipeda (N 55-43, E 21-07). Following his release from prison, he returned to Kolkhoz Jauna Gvardija as an ordinary worker. Valiuska (fnu), a local farmer, was named chairman of the kolkhoz to succeed Kinaris.
2. In the middle of 1950 the villages of Miliai (N 55-35, E 22-29) and Dirgelai (N 55-35, E 22-28) were added to those included in Kolkhoz Jauna Gvardija. The chairman of the enlarged kolkhoz was Norkus (fnu) from Dirgelai. The borders of the kolkhoz at this time were as follows: north, the Dirgelai road; east, the Akmena River; south, the road between Kaltinenai and Uzpelkis; west, the road from Kaltinenai to the Dirgelai crossing.
3. Shortly before May 1951, Kolkhoz Jauna Gvardija was again enlarged by the addition of three more villages. These included Kaltinenai (N 55-33, E 22-27), Pakalniskiai (N 55-35, E 22-26), and Gedminiske (N 55-33, E 22-25). Up to this time, Kaltinenai had been an independent town kolkhoz. The kolkhoz chairman since the spring 1951 enlargement is a man of Russian nationality who formerly held a position in the Communist Party organization. Among the kolkhozniki, there are also some persons of Russian nationality who sympathize with the Communists and who, consequently, are very unpopular with the rest of the farmers. Valiuska, the former kolkhoz chairman, is now the keeper of the kolkhoz warehouse. Mrs. Kinderiene (fnu) is keeper of the kolkhoz pigs. Mrs. Pakciene is the kolkhoz cashier.
4. [REDACTED] kolkhoz administrators in the Kaltinenai area are changed very often, mainly because accounts are not kept in order and

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products are often missing from the warehouses. The latter situation is the result of the fact that so many administrators support the partisans. As soon as discrepancies are revealed, a new administrator is elected. The dismissed administrators are warned but seldom arrested, since all the farmers try to protect them.

5. Workers on Kolkhoz Jauna Gvardija receive from one to three kilograms of grain per workday. The kolkhozniki are divided into two brigades, one consisting of 40 persons and the other of 60 persons.

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